



Multijet Production at Low X_{Bj} and Forward Jet Production in DIS

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on behalf of the ZEUS collaboration

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Parton dynamics

Perturbative expansion of parton evolution equations $\sim \sum_{mn} A_{mn} \ln(Q^2)^m \ln(1/x)^n$

Cannot be explicitly calculated to all orders

1. Fixed order calculations

2. Approximations



resumming certain infinit subsets of terms according to the phase space region

★ DGLAP, collinear factorisation: $\sum (\alpha_s \ln Q^2)^n$

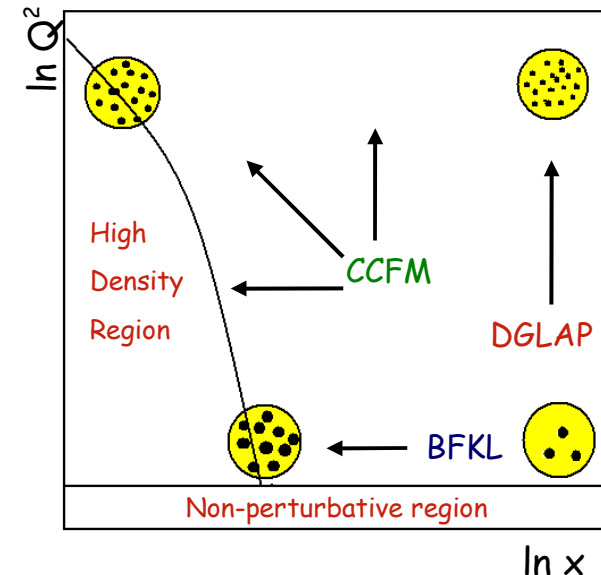
Ordering in x , **strong ordering in k_T**

★ BFKL, k_T factorisation: $\sum (\alpha_s \ln(1/x))^n$

Strong ordering in x , **no k_T ordering**

★ CCFM, k_T factorisation: resum $\ln Q^2$ and $\ln(1/x)$

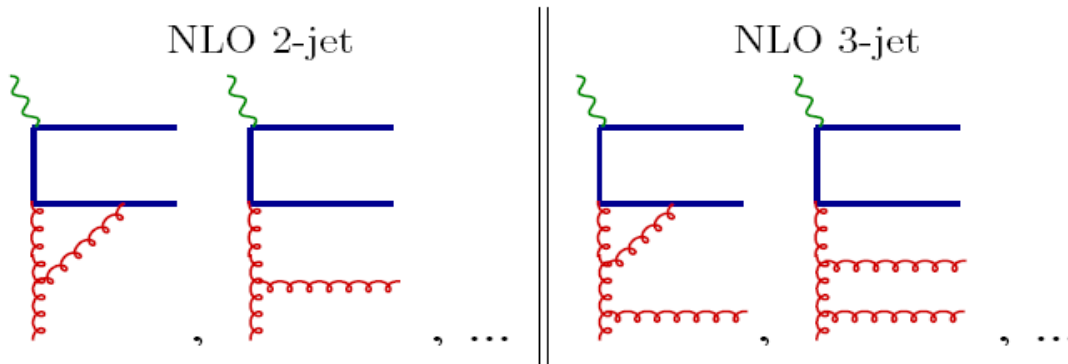
Angular ordering \Rightarrow **k_T non-ordered at small x_{Bj}**



If HERA's x_{Bj} are small enough to reveal deficiency of DGLAP?

QCD Calculations

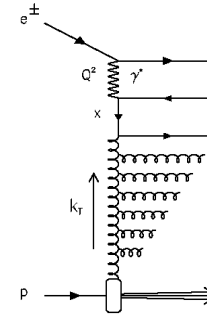
NLOJET++: Fixed order QCD partonic cross section, on mass shell ME + DGLAP , (collinear factorisation)



- ❑ Terms of up to $O(\alpha_s^2)$ ($O(\alpha_s^3)$) for dijet (trijet) calculations
- ❑ One-loop corrections for virtual particles
- ❑ Correction for 3rd (4th) parton in final state (soft/collinear gluon emissions)
- ❑ $O(\alpha_s^3)$ calculations possible for dijets for certain jet phase space region
- ❑ No fragmentation, hadronization corrections from MC

LEPTO: LO ME on mass shell + PS in DGLAP

→ **Strong ordering in k_T**



CASCADE: LO off mass shell ME + PS based on k_T factorized **CCFM** evolution

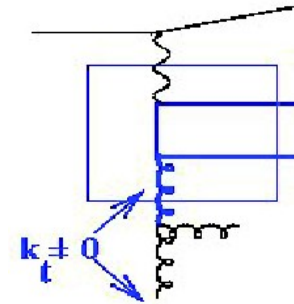
transverse momentum of emitted gluon $k_{\perp} > k_{\perp}^{\text{cut}}$

uPDF set1 : $k_{\perp}^{\text{cut}} = 1.33 \text{ GeV}$

non-singular term
in splitting function

uPDF set2 : $k_{\perp}^{\text{cut}} = 1.18 \text{ GeV}$

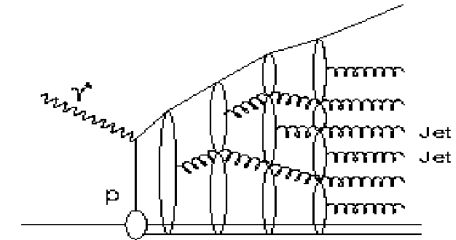
At small x_{Bj} **no ordering in k_T**



k_t - factorization

ARIADNE: implementation of Color Dipole Model (CDM)

- Independently radiating dipoles formed by emitted gluons
- **Random walk in k_T** like in BFKL



Dijets&trijets without forward jet

Event & Jet selection

1998 – 2000 ZEUS $e^\pm p$ data, 82 pb $^{-1}$

Low – x_{Bj} DIS selection

$$10^{-4} < x_{Bj} < 10^{-2}$$

$$10 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$0.1 < y < 0.6$$

Dijet/trijet selection

$$E_{T,HCM}^{jet1} > 7 \text{ GeV}$$

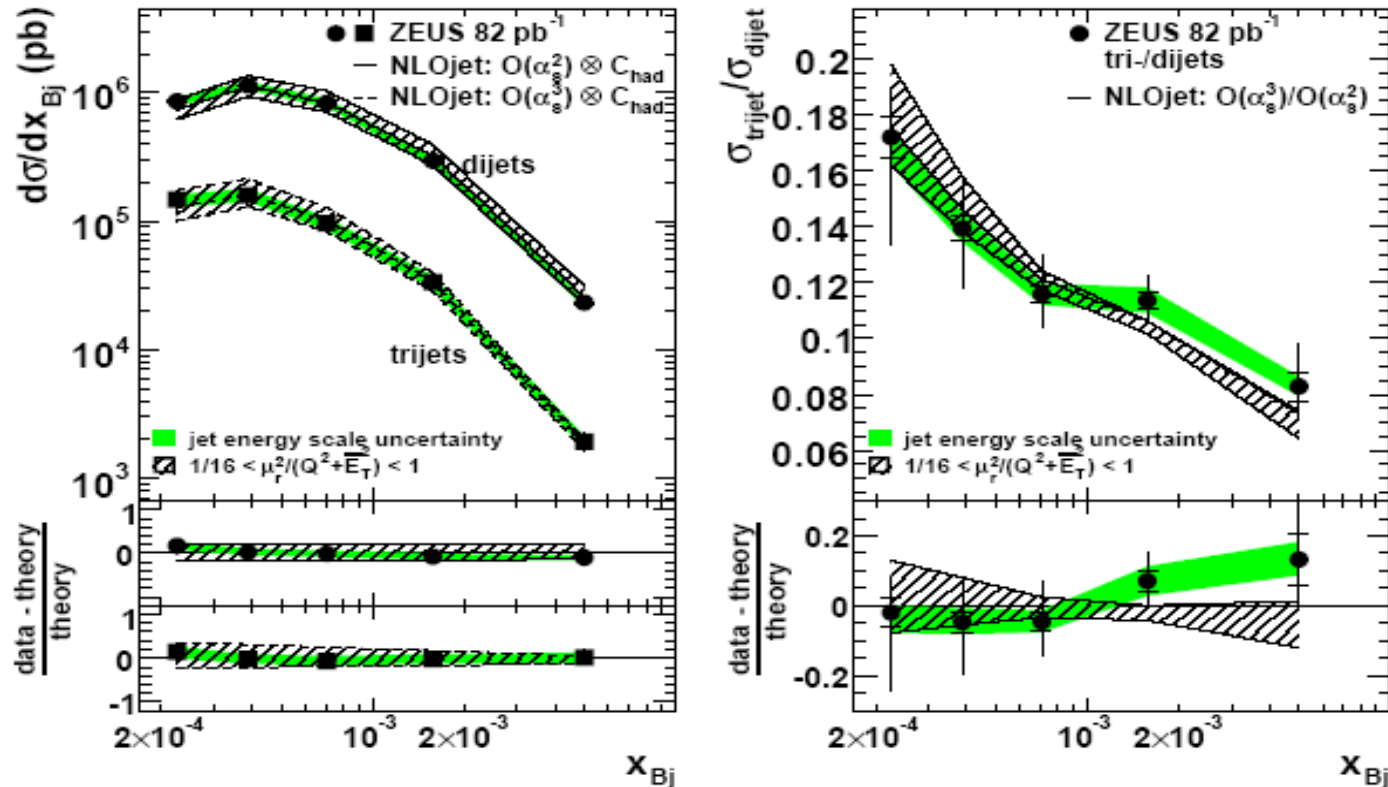
$$E_{T,HCM}^{jet2(,3)} > 5 \text{ GeV}$$

$$-1 < \eta_{LAB}^{jet1,2(,3)} < 2.5$$

Jets reconstructed with K_T algorithm in inclusive mode

Dijets & trijets vs. x_{Bj}

NLOjet++ compared with data on inclusive cross-sections (left) and ratios of trijet to dijet cross-sections (right)



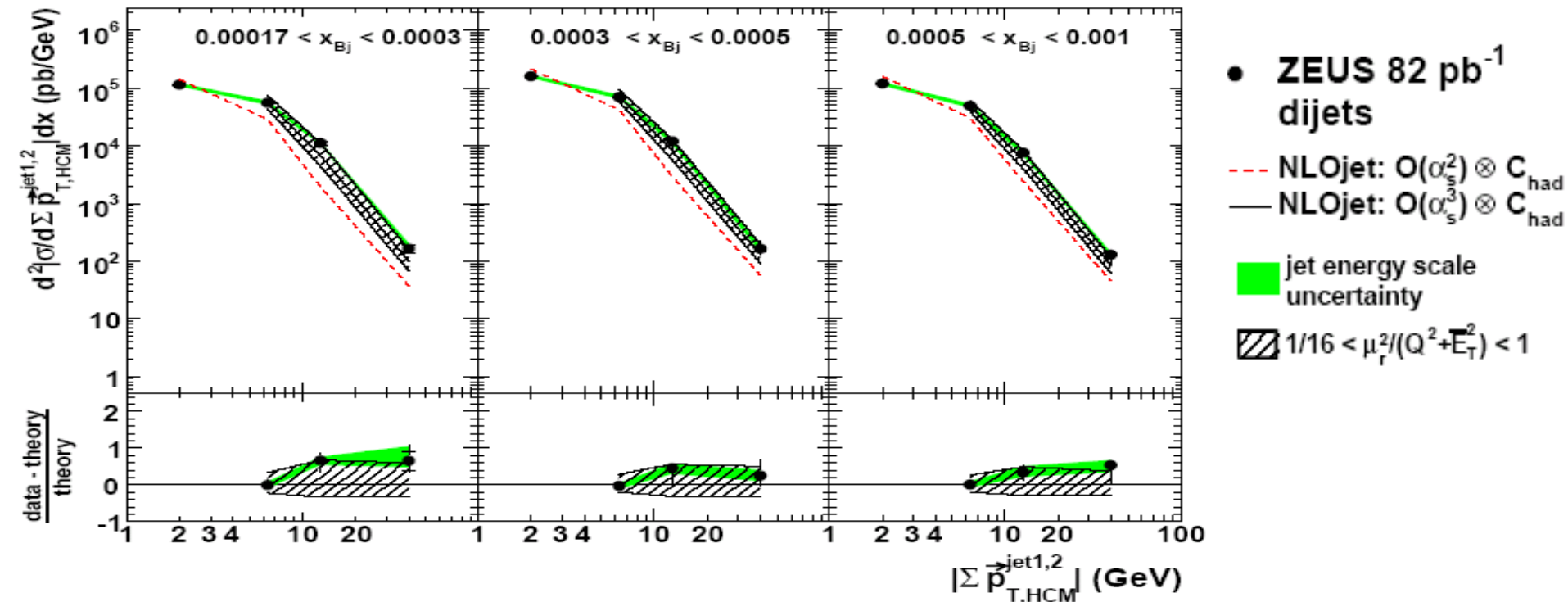
- Dijets and trijets are described by NLO.
- For cross section ratios theoretical uncertainties mainly canceled, within these smaller uncertainties agreement is again satisfactory

P_T correlations for dijets

Inclusive distributions are of insufficient resolving power, try correlations.

First, abs. value of vector sum of p_T of two jets, NLOjet vs data

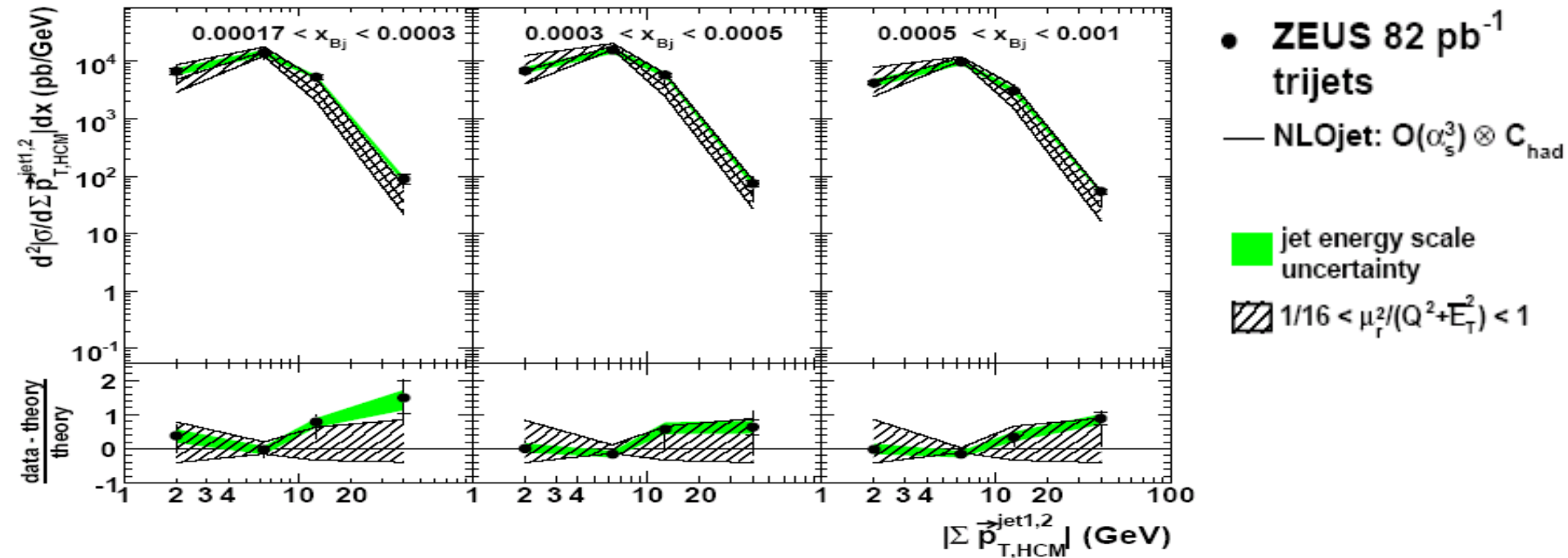
Without gluon radiation two jets are correlated, back to back in HCMS: $|\Sigma p_T| = 0$



- Calculations at $O(\alpha_s^2)$ are much below data
- Difference is largest for smallest x_{Bj}
- Addition of $O(\alpha_s^3)$ leads to agreement with data (within theoretical uncertainty, which is large)

P_T correlations for trijets

Abs. value of vector sum of p_T of two highest E_T jets, NLOjet vs data

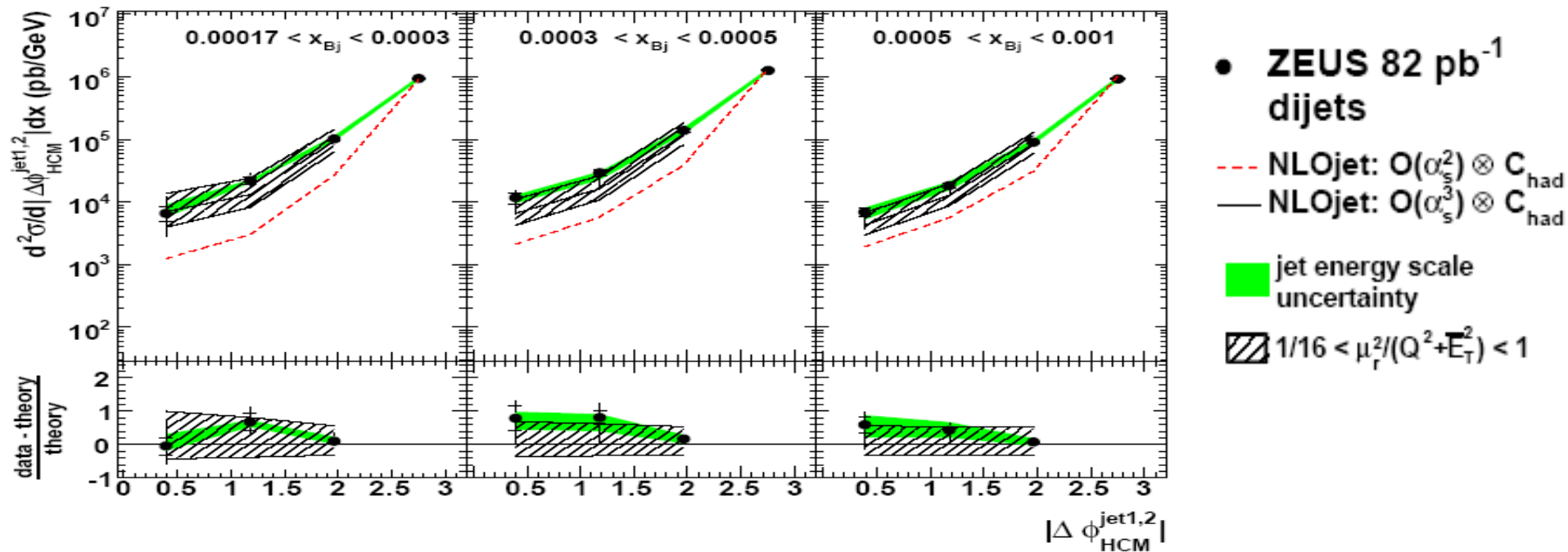


Calculations agree with data within theoretical uncertainty

ϕ correlations for dijets

Separation in azimuthal angle ϕ of two jets, NLOjet vs data

$|\Delta\phi| = \pi$ without gluon radiation



- ❑ NLOjet calculations at $O(\alpha_s^2)$ are much below data
- ❑ Difference seemingly increases with decrease of x_{Bj} , reaching almost one order of magnitude for smallest x_{Bj} and most decorrelated jets
- ❑ Addition of $O(\alpha_s^3)$ leads to agreement with data

One additional gluon is not enough, at least two are needed

Event & Jet selection

Kinematic range

98-00 Data, $L \cong 82 \text{ pb}^{-1}$

$$20 < Q^2 < 100 \text{ GeV}^2$$

$$0.0004 < x_{Bj} < 0.005$$

$$0.04 < y < 0.7$$

Forward Jet selection

Inclusive K_T algorithm

$$E_{\text{jet}}^{\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$$

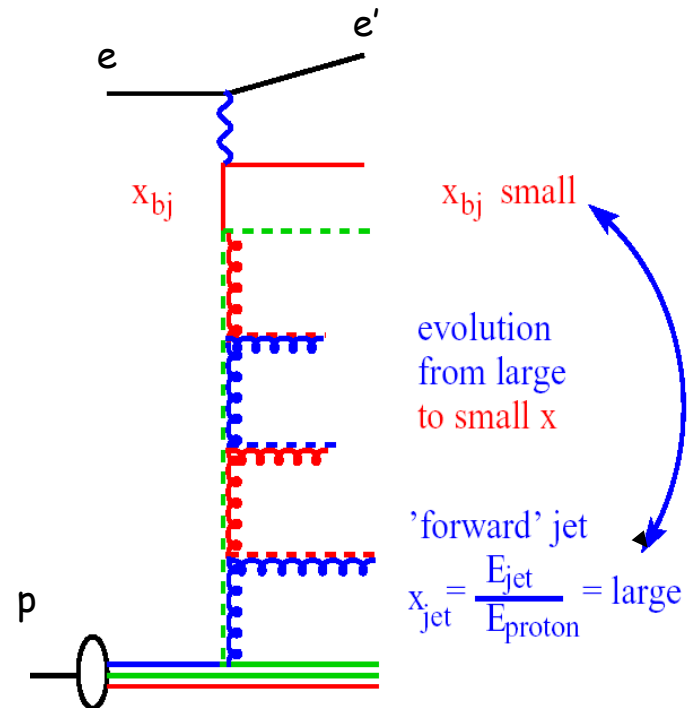
$$2 < \eta^{\text{jet}} < 4.3$$

$$0.5 < (E_{\text{jet}}^{\text{jet}})^2 / Q^2 < 2 \quad \longrightarrow$$

$(E_{\text{jet}}^{\text{jet}})^2 \sim Q^2$ suppresses DGLAP evolution

$$x_{\text{jet}} > 0.036 \quad \longrightarrow$$

$x_{\text{jet}} = E_{\text{jet}} / E_{\text{proton}} \gg x_{Bj}$ enhances BFKL evolution

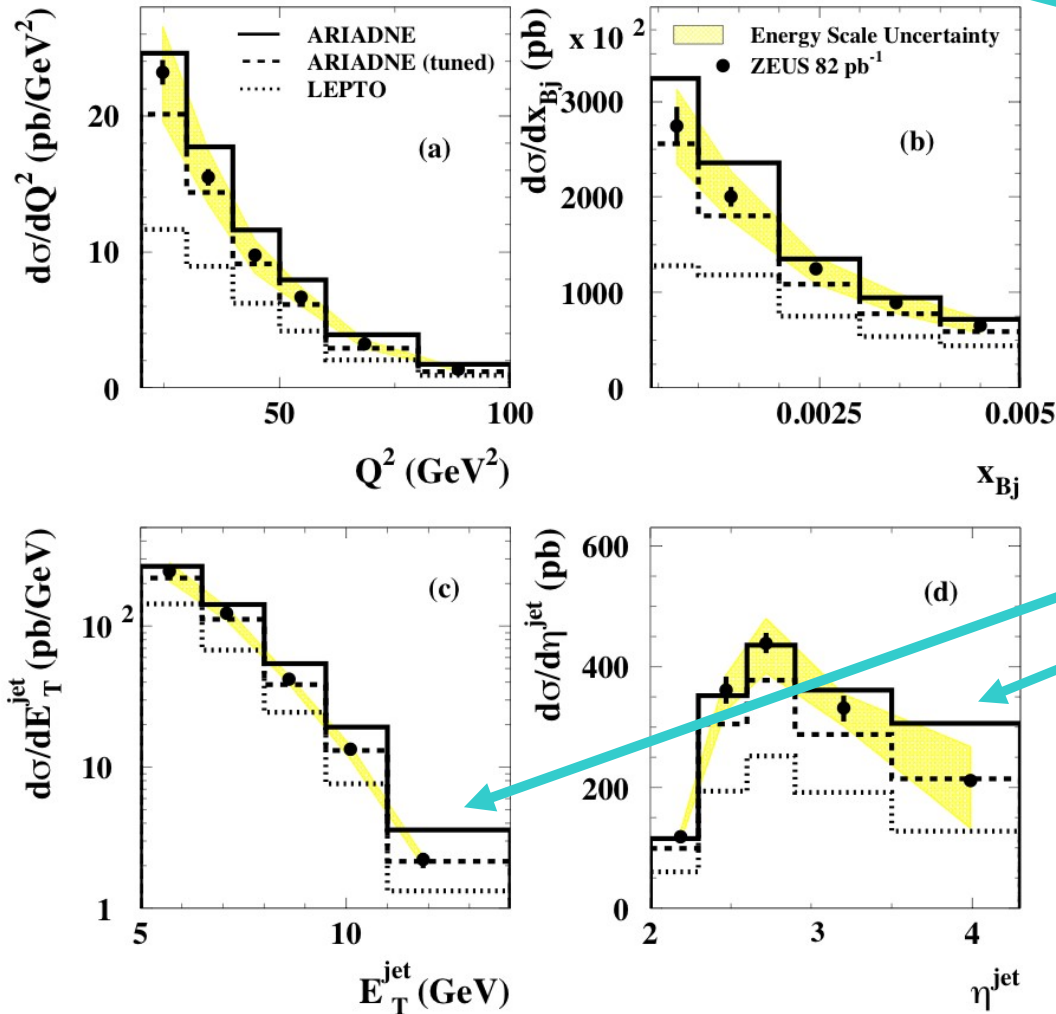


1.4 unit more forward than before

Inclusive Forward Jets

LEPTO & ARIADNE vs data

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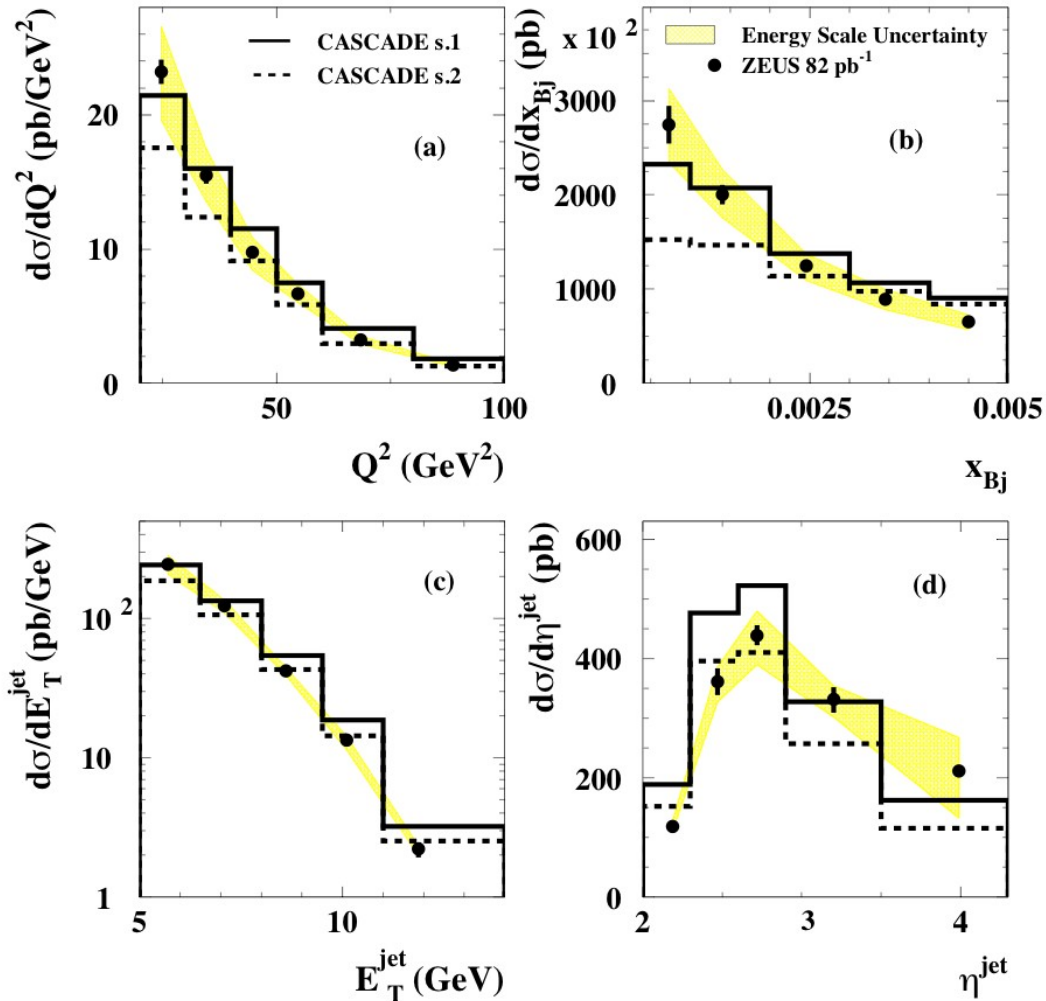
Two versions, with default tuning (“**default**”) and retuned by H1 (“**tuned**”)

- Lepto doesn’t suffice
- Ariadne “default” overestimates high E_t^{jet} , overestimates high η^{jet} (proton remnant)
- Ariadne “tuned” is good

Inclusive Forward Jets

CASCADE vs data

ZEUS



**Non singular term (in set 2)
reduces cross section,
but not improves
agreement**

**Shape of all distributions
disagrees with data**

Shape is a problem

Trijet with a Forward Jet

Event & Jet selection

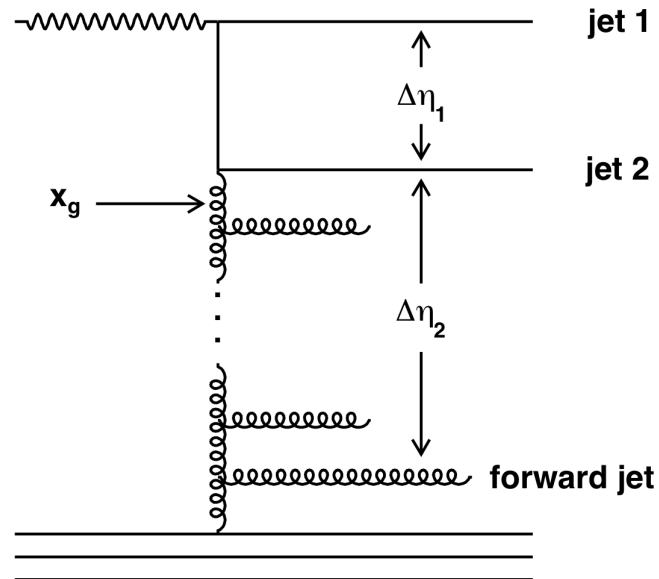
Kinematic range the same as for inclusive forward jets

Forward jet the same,

$0.5 < (E_+^{\text{jet}})^2/Q^2 < 2$ constraint excluded

Two additional jets with $E_{\text{jet}}^{\text{jet}} > 5 \text{ GeV}$

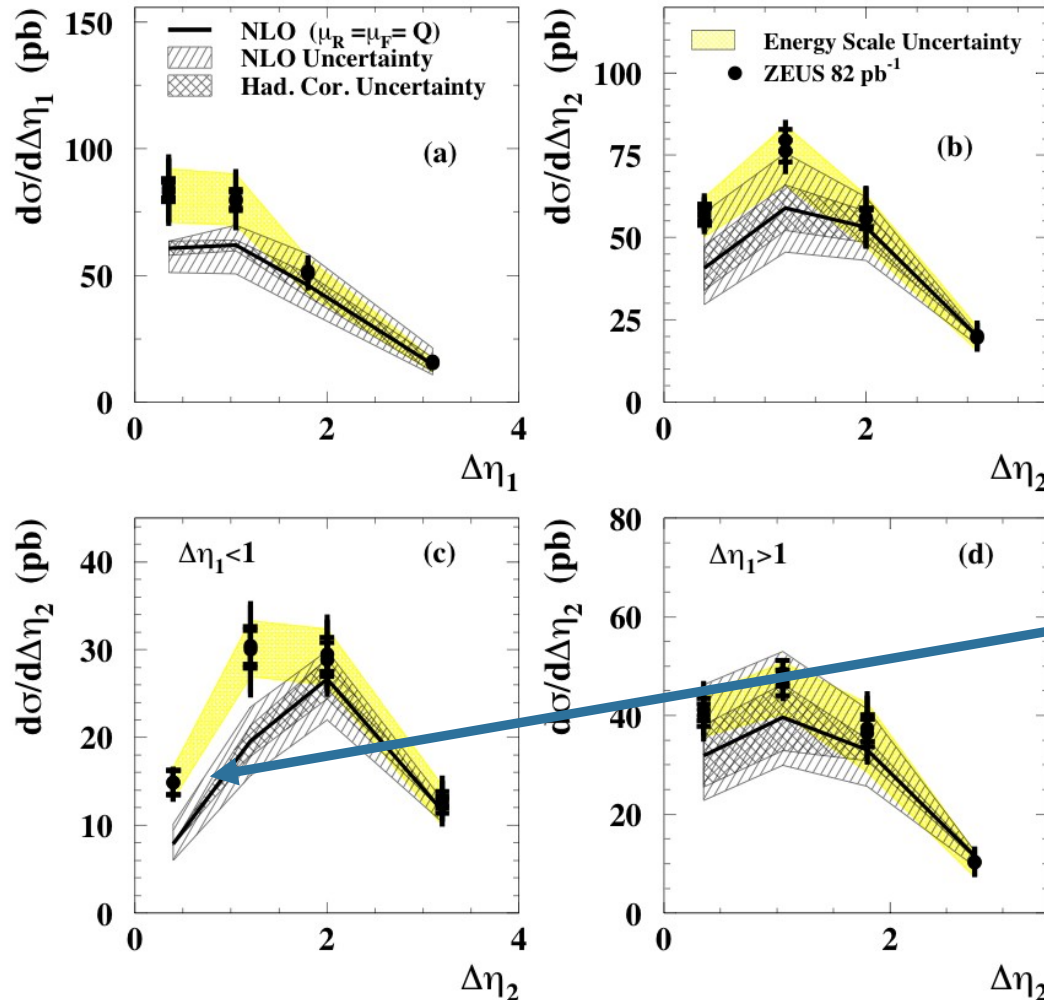
$$\eta_{\text{el}} < \eta_{\text{jet } 1} < \eta_{\text{jet-2}} < \eta_{\text{forward-jet}}$$



Trijet with a Forward Jet

NLOJET++ vs data

ZEUS



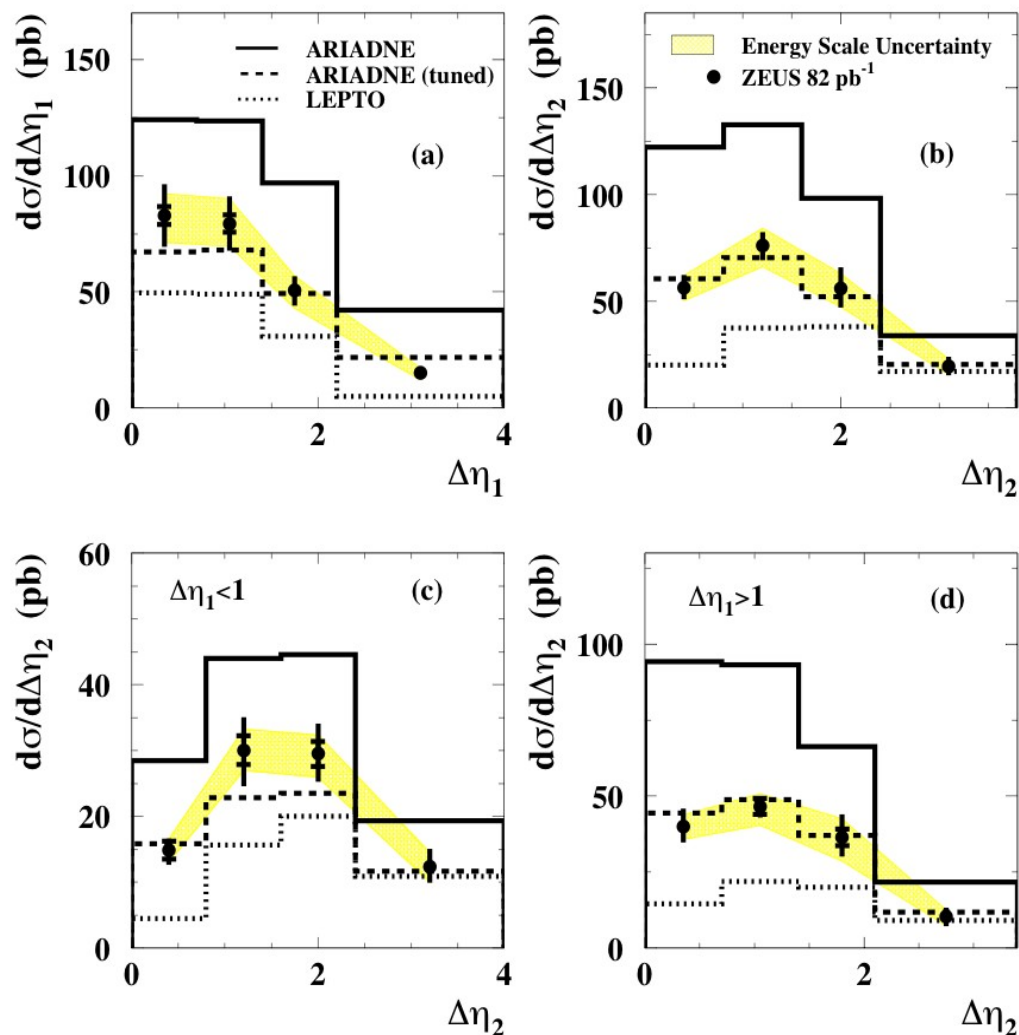
For NLOjet scales $\mu_R^2 = \mu_F^2 = Q^2$

Small $\Delta\eta_1$ and $\Delta\eta_2 \rightarrow$ jets are most forward. At small x_{Bj} space is left for additional partons closer to the photon. NLOJET++ underpredicts many partons \rightarrow below data

Trijet with a Forward Jet

LEPTO & ARIADNE vs data

ZEUS



Lepto below data

Ariadne “default” pronouncedly above data → too high multigluon emission rate

Ariadne “tuned” is fine

Summary & Conclusions

- ☎ ZEUS measured jets at small x_{Bj} in highly extended forward region
- ☎ Inclusive cross-sections of dijets and trijets without forward jets are satisfactorily described by collinear factorisation based NLO
- ☎ Correlations are more sensitive to parton dynamics, in particular they reveal failure of NLO for dijets, where only NNLO, i.e. $O(\alpha_s^3)$, suffices → four partons at HERA's lowest x_{Bj} are needed.
- ☎ Further insight provides addition to analysis of a forward jet, in particular η correlations for trijets with a forward jet reveal in certain phase space deficiency of $O(\alpha_s^3)$, here at least five partons are needed.
- ☎ Resummed DGLAP, realized by MC with LO matrix element and parton showers, LEPTO, yields about twice too low forward jet cross-sections.
- ☎ LO CCFM based MC, CASCADE, cannot fully describe data on forward jets, other sets of uPDF are to be tried (and/or more serious problems show up, i.e. lack of quarks).
- ☎ Only CDM (ARIADNE MC), featured by BFKL-like non-ordered in k_T parton cascade, is capable of successful description of the whole volume of data on forward jets. A problem could to be, nevertheless, that being based on phenomenology ARIADNE is too free in tuning.